59	the installation of an ignition interlock system as described in Section 41-6a-518; and
60	(b) the court may:
61	(i) order the individual to obtain substance abuse treatment if the substance abuse
62	treatment program determines that substance abuse treatment is appropriate;
63	(ii) order probation for the individual in accordance with Section 41-6a-507;
64	(iii) order the individual to participate in a 24-7 sobriety program as defined in Section
65	41-6a-515.5 if the individual is 21 years of age or older; or
66	(iv) order a combination of Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (iii).
67	(2) If an individual has a prior conviction as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2) that is
68	within 10 years of the current conviction under Section 41-6a-502 or the commission of the
69	offense upon which the current conviction is based:
70	(a) the court shall:
71	(i) (A) impose a jail sentence of not less than 240 hours; or
72	(B) impose a jail sentence of not less than 120 hours in addition to home confinement
73	of not fewer than 720 consecutive hours through the use of electronic monitoring that includes
74	a substance abuse testing instrument in accordance with Section 41-6a-506;
75	(ii) order the individual to participate in a screening;
76	(iii) order the individual to participate in an assessment, if it is found appropriate by a
77	screening under Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
78	(iv) order the individual to participate in an educational series if the court does not
79	order substance abuse treatment as described under Subsection (2)(b);
80	(v) impose a fine of not less than \$800;
81	(vi) order probation for the individual in accordance with Section 41-6a-507;
82	(vii) \$→ [unless the court determines and states on the record that an ignition interlock
83	system is not necessary for the safety of the community and in the best interest of justice.]  \$ order
84	the installation of an ignition interlock system as described in Section 41-6a-518;
85	[(vii)] (viii) (A) order the individual to pay the administrative impound fee described in
86	Section 41-6a-1406; or
87	(B) if the administrative impound fee was paid by a party described in Subsection
88	41-6a-1406(5)(a), other than the individual sentenced, order the individual sentenced to
89	reimburse the party; or

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concentration exceeds a level ordered by the court.

- (b) If a person convicted of violating Section 41-6a-502 was under the age of 21 when the violation occurred, the court shall order the installation of the ignition interlock system as a condition of probation.
- (c) (i) If a person is convicted of a violation of Section 41-6a-502 within 10 years of a prior conviction as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2), \$→ [unless the court determines and states on the record that an ignition interlock system is not necessary for the safety of the community and in the best interest of justice.] ←\$ the court shall order the installation of the interlock ignition system, at the person's expense, for all motor vehicles registered to that person and all motor vehicles operated by that person.
- (ii) A person who operates a motor vehicle without an ignition interlock device as required under this Subsection (2)(c) is in violation of Section 41-6a-518.2.
- (d) The division shall post the ignition interlock restriction on the electronic record available to law enforcement.
- (e) This section does not apply to a person convicted of a violation of Section 41-6a-502 whose violation does not involve alcohol.
- (3) If the court imposes the use of an ignition interlock system as a condition of probation, the court shall:
- (a) stipulate on the record the requirement for and the period of the use of an ignition interlock system;
- (b) order that an ignition interlock system be installed on each motor vehicle owned or operated by the probationer, at the probationer's expense;
- (c) immediately notify the Driver License Division and the person's probation provider of the order; and
- (d) require the probationer to provide proof of compliance with the court's order to the probation provider within 30 days of the order.
- (4) (a) The probationer shall provide timely proof of installation within 30 days of an order imposing the use of a system or show cause why the order was not complied with to the court or to the probationer's probation provider.
- 181 (b) The probation provider shall notify the court of failure to comply under Subsection 182 (4)(a).